# Midrise Buildings

**CBM** ENGINEERS





In May 2015, CBM Engineers and Optimal Consultancy Services Pvt. Ltd. [OCSPL] entered into an agreement that allows both the parties to share its resources and provide with an array of unsurpassed design services. The corporation, under the helmsmanship of now a bigger management portfolio, stands at a combined resource strength of over 150 technical professionals; making CBM Plus the largest multinational company of the structural engineering discipline, in India.

A new and enriched business model was implemented, which recognised the demands of the current and future assignments and demands of the clients. Progressive interaction between the two sets of staff members, on both a professional and social level, resulted in a unique and unprecedented display of indulgence where a very assorted group of individuals disassembled in their level of knowledge, experience and age, came together to collectively contribute to uplift the CBM Engineers we are today.

This allows CBM Engineers, a powerhouse of knowledge and experience, to provide pristine engineering services and professional excellence to the clients, while ensuring commercial success and employee fulfilment.





# Background



# Background





# Background





#### **Optimisation in Midrise Buildings**

# **Global Presence**



Houston Resources: 60+ Vadodara Resources: 50+ Mumbai Resources: 30+

New Delhi Resources: 20+ **CBM** Engineers India



#### Optimisation in Midrise Buildings

# **Global Presence**





# Key Persons

	Abhay Ghate Director	40+ years of Experience in Structural Design & Engineering	Design Management Assignments, Scheduling & Quality Control	Recipient of Excellence in Consultancy Services Award 2006
Unrestricted Building Height Licence as a Structural		Shekhar Ghate	35+ years of Experience in Structural	Specialises in coordinated design management
Dubai and Mumbai.	14 Am	Director	Design & Engineering	projects

#### **CBM** Engineers India



#### **Optimisation in Midrise Buildings**

# Key Persons

25+ years of Experience

In-charge of Structural Practice <u>sin</u>ce 15+ years



#### Sandeep Patel Designed Numerous Buildings in USA

#### Chairman of the board (Sterling Group)

Vice President of Engineering

> 25+ Years Experience in Structural Engineering





15+ Years Experience in Structural Engineering

Slaven Seferovic

Jarrod Hamilton

Vice President of Engineering

#### CBM Engineers India



# **Key Persons**

12+ years of Exper in Structural Desi Engineering	rience gn &			Kunal Suthar	Closely involved in and manages the overall
Worked abroad a India on all kind building type			Director	India. Practices as head of technical staff at Vadodara.	
Responsible for overall setup, implementation of business plans and management of regional offices.		years of experience in rket research, general ninistration and client management. ered Accountant nd PGBDM		Sejal Desai	
				d – Business velopment	



# Optimisation in Midrise Buildings

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# **Classifying Midrise buildings**

#### Midrise Buildings

Upto **G + 10** Floors Upto **30 m** Height Low-rise Buildings

**G + 10** to **G + 25** Floors **30 m** to **75 m** Height

**Gravity Loads** defines and governs the structural design Lateral Loads defines and governs the structural design



# CBM Engineers' Approach

Structural Systems	Structural Analysis	Design and Optimisation	Detailing
Gravity System	Zero – Premium Structure	Load Optimisation	Identification of lateral and gravity resisting systems
Lateral System			Ductile Detailing



# Structural System

	Structural systems for concrete buildings												
No.         System         Number of stories           0         10         20         30         40         50         60         70         80         90         100         110								Ultra-tall buildings 120–200 stories					
1	Flat slab and columns	_	-										
2	Flat slab and shear walls	-	_										
3	Flat slab, shear walls and columns	_	_										
4	Coupled shear walls and beams	-		_									
5	Rigid frame	_		_	8								
6	Widely spaced perimeter tube	-			-								
7	Rigid frame with haunch girders	_		-	-								
8	Core supported structures	—		-	-	_							
9	Shear wall—frame	-		-	-	-	_						
10	Shear wall—Haunch girder frame	_	-	-	_	_	-	-					
11	Closely spaced perimeter tube	_	_	-	-		-	-					
12	Perimeter tube and interior core walls	_	_	_	-	_	_		_	_			
13	Exterior diagonal tube	_		-	_	_	-			-	_		
14	Modular tubes, and spine wall systems with outrigger and belt walls	-											-



# Structural System – Gravity Load Resisting System

Conventional Beam – Slab System	Flat Slab System with Drops	Flat Plate System	
Presence of sunken slabs Heavy partition walls	Normally proposed for basement Floors	Beam-less floor plates	
	Drop panel Flat slab	Columns Columns	



# Structural System – Cost Effectiveness of Gravity System

Factors reducing the cost of *Formwork* 

**Design repetition** 

Use of standard dimensional units in accordance with the Metric Handbook

Dimensional consistency

Horizontal Framework – 50% cost is incurred for *Formwork* 

Formwork

Gravity System shall optimise the floorto-floor height.

Every 25 mm reduction in floor height yields a saving of
₹ 12 per square foot (approx) 25mm reduction in height / floor

Equals

Saving ₹12 per sq ft



# Structural System – Lateral Load Resisting System

# **Rigid Frames** Economical up to 25 floors

## Advantages

Simplicity and convenience of its rectangular form

Provides internal structural wall-free spaces

## Disadvantages

More columns required

Beam depth may be restricted for clear floor-to-floor height



**Rigid Frames** 



Coupled Shear Walls

# Coupled Shear Walls

Economical up to 25 floors

# Advantages

Providing sheer walls in both direction allows the building to resist lateral loads more effectively.

# Disadvantages

Reduced wall-free spaces

Placement of walls depend on the results of a study on torsional effect on the building



# Structural System – Lateral Load Resisting System

When a rigid frame is combined with shear walls, the resultant system has a very high stiffness

Combination of Shear Walls & Rigid Frames

located at specific places within the frame, like around the lift pits and stairwell, while columns cab ne proposed to enable maximum clear space

Shear Walls can be

Economical up to 40 floors or 125 metres





# Structural System – Lateral Load Resisting System

Solution varies with the type and configuration of the Building	Points considered while Selecting Lateral System		Spans and column spacing Shape and size of the structure
Floor –to-floor	Functional	Plac	cement of lateral
height and total	requirements	e	elements; e.g.:
height of the	and clear	arra	angement of core
structure	headroom	wal	lls, staircase, etc.



# Structural Analysis – Zero Premium Structure





# Structural Analysis – Cost Effectiveness of Lateral System





# Design Aspects

Suggestions for Optimisation of the Structure

Reduction of overall weight of the structure

- Use of light weight partition reduction in wall dead load by 50%
- Elimination of screed especially at parking floors / garages.
- Elimination of sunken slab.

Advantages of the reduction in the overall weight

- Lower design seismic loads.
- Lighter structure.
- Reduction in foundation sizes and cost.

#### Advantages of elimination of sunken slabs

- Easier formwork system and construction.
- Flat slabs and use of PT systems possible.
- Saves cost and time.



# **Detailing Structural Elements**

#### Case Study – Omkar Altamonte





# **Detailing Structural Elements**

#### Case Study – Omkar Altamonte





# **Detailing Structural Elements**

#### Case Study – Omkar Altamonte

<u>ч</u>	<b>Flowsont</b>		Savings	
ry o Bs	Element	Reinforcement (MT)	Concrete (m <sup>3</sup> )	Shuttering (m <sup>3</sup> )
avin,	Columns / Walls	400	2200	2500
Sa	Beams	23	336	616
0)	Slabs	6	140	-
as	Column No. C74 – C7	5 Ductile (Lateral)	Non Ductile (Gravity)	Remark
nks 920	Vertical Reinforcemer	nt 42 – T16	42 <b>–</b> T16	Same
of li 2 13	Vertical reinforcement	(kg) 260	260	Same
ment 465 8	Shear Reinforcemen	t 10T@100 C/C + 8T@100 C/C	8T250 C/C	Savings
nge r IS	Shear Reinforcement (	kg) 245	87	-
Arrai pe	Total (kg)	505	347	Saving of158 kg in ties per floor



# Detailing – Optimisation of Structural Elements

# Column Bar Arrangement

Use of higher bar sizes with maximum spacing

Lesser bars means lesser ties (50% reduction in ties quantities) Optimisation of Structural Elements

By following proper design and detailing practice, structural elements can be further optimised Shear Wall Bar Arrangement

The length of boundary element shall be such that the web wall always has the minimum reinforcement



#### Case Study 1 – Mangla Aura, Vadodara

Client	Sector	Layout	Proposed System
Mangla Properties Vadodara	Residential building	1B + G + 12 Floors	Flat plates with shear walls





#### Case Study 1 – Mangla Aura, Vadodara

## Structural layout proposed by CBM Engineers India





Case Study 1 – Mangla Aura, Vadodara

#### Flat Plate with Shear Walls



#### **Proposed System**

Flat Plate (RCC or PT) – Gravity System

Shear Walls – Lateral System





#### Case Study 1 – Mangla Aura, Vadodara

#### Load Comparison

CONVENTIONAL SYSTEM (with 300 mm TOILET SUNKS)								
		WEIGH	IT (KN)					
LUAD TYPE	AD TYPE ELEMENT		PER 12 FLOORS					
DEAD LOAD	BEAMS (230 X 600)	700	8400					
	RCC SLABS (200 MM)	2640	31680					
	TOILET SUNK (300 mm sunk)	360	4320					
SUPER DEAD LOAD	FINISHES	800	9600					
	TOTAL	4500	54000					

FLAT PLATE WITH SHEAR WALLS								
		WEIGHT (KN)						
LOAD TYPE ELEMENT		PER FLOOR	PER 12 FLOORS					
DEAD LOAD	PT SLABS (165 MM)	2178	26136					
SUPER DEAD LOAD	SUPER DEAD LOAD FINISHES		9600					
	TOTAL	2978	35736					

TOTAL REDUCTION OF DEAD LOAD = 50%



Case Study 1 – Mangla Aura, Vadodara

Advantages of the Proposed System

# Lesser FormworkClear Floor-to-floor HeightMajor cost component eliminated.<br/>Table form shuttering can be used.<br/>Lesser shuttering = Faster constructionCleat floor-to-floor height can be achieved.<br/>25mm reduction in height / floor = ₹ 12 per<br/>sq ftMEP LayoutAbsence of Internal Walls

Easier to lay out MEP services due to continuous flat bottom and neat grid.

Flexibility at the later stages during construction



Case Study 1 – Mangla Aura, Vadodara

Advantages of the Proposed System

# Ease in coordination - Structurally Less amount of structural drawings produced – only slabs and shear walls. Ease in coordination at site

# Beam Column Joint

#### Elimination of beam – column junction \_\_\_\_\_\_ reinforcement





![](_page_31_Picture_11.jpeg)

![](_page_31_Picture_12.jpeg)

![](_page_32_Picture_1.jpeg)

#### Case Study 2 – Godrej City, Panvel

Client Godrej Properties Panvel, Maharashtra

Sector Residential building

#### **Proposed System** Flat Plates with Periphery Beams, Shear Walls and Columns.

Layout 2B + G + 22 Floors

![](_page_33_Picture_1.jpeg)

#### Case Study 2 – Godrej City, Panvel

#### Architectural Layout

![](_page_33_Figure_6.jpeg)

![](_page_34_Picture_1.jpeg)

#### Case Study 2 – Godrej City, Panvel

Structural layout proposed by Main Structural Consultant

![](_page_34_Figure_6.jpeg)

![](_page_35_Picture_1.jpeg)

#### Case Study 2 – Godrej City, Panvel

## Structural layout proposed by CBM Engineers India

![](_page_35_Figure_6.jpeg)

![](_page_36_Picture_1.jpeg)

#### Case Study 2 – Godrej City, Panvel

#### Structural layout proposed by Main Structural Consultant

![](_page_36_Picture_6.jpeg)

![](_page_37_Picture_1.jpeg)

#### Case Study 2 – Godrej City, Panvel

## Structural layout proposed by CBM Engineers India

![](_page_37_Picture_6.jpeg)

![](_page_38_Picture_1.jpeg)

#### Case Study 2 – Godrej City, Panvel

#### Quantity Comparison – Main Structural Consultant

			CONC	CRETE		Datia	Datia	Datia	
TOWER	ELEMENT	(Fe 500)	M25	M30	Total	Ratio	Ratio	Natio	
		(kg)	(m³)	(m³)	(m³)	(Kg /m <sup>3</sup> )	(Kg /sq.ft.)	(m3 /sq.ft.)	
	COLUMN / WALL	197500	-	930	930	212.4	1.89	0.0089	
TOWER 1 - C BLOCK - 2	BEAM	148400	1120	-	1120	132.5	1.42	0.0107	
	SLAB	78000	1079	-	1079	72.3	0.75	0.0103	
TO	TAL	423900	2199.0	930.0	3129.0	135.5	4.06	0.0300	

	=	746.0	m²
SLAB AREA OF ONE FLOOR	=	8025.8	Ft <sup>2</sup>

TOTAL SLAB AREA OF 13	=	9698.0	m²
FLOORS	=	104335.0	Ft <sup>2</sup>

![](_page_39_Picture_1.jpeg)

#### Case Study 2 – Godrej City, Panvel

#### Quantity Comparison – CBM Engineers India

			CONCRETE			Datia	Datia	Datia
TOWER	ELEMENT	(Fe 500)	M25	M30	Total	Katio	Ratio	Katio
		(kg)	(m³)	(m³)	(m³)	(Kg /m³)	(Kg /sq.ft.)	(m3 /sq.ft.)
	COLUMN / WALL	193000	-	857	857	225.2	1.85	0.0082
TOWER 1 - C BLOCK - 2	BEAM	112000	815	-	815	137.5	1.07	0.0078
	SLAB	104000	1300	-	1300	80.0	1.00	0.0125
TO	TAL	409000	2114.8	857.0	2971.8	137.6	3.92	0.0285

SLAB AREA OF ONE FLOOR	=	746.0	m²
	=	8025.8	Ft <sup>2</sup>

TOTAL SLAB AREA OF 13	=	9698.0	m²
FLOORS	=	104335.0	Ft <sup>2</sup>

![](_page_40_Picture_1.jpeg)

#### Case Study 2 – Godrej City, Panvel

Advantages	Disadvantaged
<b>Periphery Beams</b> To maintain the external architectural elevation / facade	Better suitable for sunken slab- free toilets
Beam-free Spaces	
Flexibility of merging flats.	
Ease for service ducts.	
Central AC systems can be proposed	

![](_page_41_Picture_1.jpeg)

#### Case Study 3 – Godrej Anandam, Nagpur

Client Godrej Properties Nagpur

Sector Residential building

Proposed System RCC Beam Slab

Layout 1B + G + 20 Floors

Architectural Layout (Tower F)

![](_page_41_Figure_10.jpeg)

![](_page_42_Picture_1.jpeg)

#### Case Study 3 – Godrej Anandam, Nagpur

Structural layout proposed by Previous Structural Consultant

![](_page_42_Figure_6.jpeg)

Structural Layout (Tower F)

F

![](_page_43_Picture_1.jpeg)

#### Case Study 3 – Godrej Anandam, Nagpur

#### Structural layout proposed by Main Structural Consultant

![](_page_43_Picture_6.jpeg)

![](_page_44_Picture_1.jpeg)

#### Case Study 3 – Godrej Anandam, Nagpur

### Architectural Layout (Tower N)

![](_page_44_Figure_6.jpeg)

![](_page_45_Picture_1.jpeg)

#### Case Study 3 – Godrej Anandam, Nagpur

#### Structural layout proposed by CBM Engineers India

![](_page_45_Figure_6.jpeg)

![](_page_46_Picture_1.jpeg)

#### Case Study 3 – Godrej Anandam, Nagpur

## Structural layout proposed by CBM Engineers India

![](_page_46_Picture_6.jpeg)

![](_page_47_Picture_1.jpeg)

#### Case Study 3 – Godrej Anandam, Nagpur

#### Quantity Comparison – CBM Engineers India

		STEEL	CONCRETE					Datia	Detia	Datia
TOWER ELEME		(Fe 500)	M25	M30	M35	M40	TOTAL	Ratio	Ratio	Katio
	ELEMENT	(kg)	(m³)	(m³)	(m³)	(m³)	(m³)	(Kg /m³)	(Kg/sq.ft.)	(m3 /sq.ft.)
	COLUMN	171500	-	361	477	700	1538	111.5	0.83	0.0074
	WALL	82000	-	263	285	428	976	84.0	0.39	0.0047
TOWER N	BEAM	235750	1497	-	-	-	1497	157.5	1.13	0.0072
	SLAB	170000	2575	-	-	-	2575	66.0	0.82	0.0124
	STAIR CASE	34000	300	-	-	-	300	113.3	0.16	0.0014
	RAFT	198500	-	1642	-	-	1642	120.9	0.96	0.0079
	TOTAL	891750	4371.5	2266.0	762.0	1128.0	8527.5	104.6	4.29	0.0410

SLAB AREA OF ONE FLOOR	=	920.0	m²
	=	9897.7	Ft <sup>2</sup>

TOTAL SLAB AREA OF 21 FLOORS	=	19320.0	m²
	=	207852.3	Ft <sup>2</sup>

![](_page_48_Picture_1.jpeg)

#### Case Study 4 – Godrej Garden City, Ahmedabad

Client Godrej Properties Ahmedabad

Sector Residential building

Proposed System Option 1 – with sunken slabs Option 2 – without sunken slabs

> Layout 1B + G + 12 Floors

![](_page_49_Picture_1.jpeg)

#### Case Study 4 – Godrej Garden City, Ahmedabad

# Structural layout proposed by CBM Engineers India Option 1 – With Sunken Slabs

![](_page_49_Figure_6.jpeg)

![](_page_50_Picture_1.jpeg)

Case Study 4 – Godrej Garden City, Ahmedabad

# Structural layout proposed by CBM Engineers India Option 1 – With Sunken Slabs

![](_page_50_Picture_6.jpeg)

![](_page_51_Picture_1.jpeg)

#### Case Study 4 – Godrej Garden City, Ahmedabad

# Structural layout proposed by CBM Engineers India Option 2 – Without Sunken Slabs

![](_page_51_Figure_6.jpeg)

![](_page_52_Picture_1.jpeg)

Case Study 4 – Godrej Garden City, Ahmedabad

Structural layout proposed by CBM Engineers India Option 2 – Without Sunken Slabs

![](_page_52_Picture_6.jpeg)

![](_page_53_Picture_1.jpeg)

**Overall Reinforcement Quantities Derived** 

Mangla Properties – Aura, Vadodara	Godrej Properties, Godrej Garden City, Ahmedabad
CBM Engineers India	CBM Engineers India
Structural Steel Quantity	Structural Steel Quantity
<b>3.75</b> kg/ft²	$\begin{array}{c} 2.70 \\ \text{kg/ft}^2 \\ \text{Option 2 - without sunken slabs} \end{array}$

![](_page_54_Picture_1.jpeg)

**Overall Reinforcement Quantities Derived** 

Godrej Properties – Godrej Anandam, Nagpur			
Previous Structural Consultant	CBM Engineers India		
Structural Steel Quantity	Structural Steel Quantity		
6.00 kg/ft <sup>2</sup>	<b>4.50</b> kg/ft <sup>2</sup>		

![](_page_55_Picture_1.jpeg)

# Conclusion

Selection of an appropriate Lateral load resisting system

For high rise buildings, major portion of total steel consumption is in the lateral system. Comparison of different lateral systems is necessary to arrive at the most cost effective solution Selection of an appropriate Gravity load resisting system

The savings will be lesser then those obtained from lateral systems

Efforts shall be towards the selection of formwork, the horizontal framework system including the possible use of PT Efficient detailing practices for different structural elements

Analysis is Universal, Design is National and Detailing is Personal.

Lateral loads are code based, but attention shall be given to reduce the gravity load in terms of Light weight partition walls, elimination of sunk slabs and screed

![](_page_56_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_57_Picture_1.jpeg)

#### **Optimisation in Midrise Buildings**

# Get in Touch

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![](_page_57_Picture_10.jpeg)

![](_page_58_Picture_1.jpeg)

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# A Structural Engineering Powerhouse

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